

Brighton & Hove City Council – Prudential Indicators 2017/18 to 2019/20

The following prudential indicators are recommended for the council.

A **Prudential indicators for Affordability**

In demonstrating the affordability of its capital investment plan the council must:

- determine the ratio of financing costs (e.g. capital repayments, interest payments, investment income, etc) to net revenue stream for both the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and non-HRA services for a 3 year period; and
- determine the incremental impact on the council tax and housing rent (in both instances the scope for increases is governed by the Government's ability to limit council tax increases and the current restriction on council rents).

Indicator A1 sets out the ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream. The estimates of financing costs include current commitments and the proposals in this budget report.

A1 Prudential indicator – Estimates of the ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-HRA	9.0%	9.4%	10.0%
HRA	10.4%	11.8%	11.6%

Indicators A2 and A3 set out the estimated incremental impact on both the levels of council tax (Band D equivalent) and housing rents of the recommended capital investment plans and funding proposals. The impact has been calculated using the latest projections on interest rates for both borrowing and investments. These indicators don't take into account any increased revenue income expected from capital investment plans and funding proposals.

A2 Prudential indicator – Estimates of the incremental impact of the new capital investment decisions on the council tax 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
Addition in council tax requirement	£3.01	£28.85	£75.42

A3 Prudential indicator – Estimates of the incremental impact of the new capital investment decisions on the average weekly housing rents 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
Addition in average weekly housing rent	£43.89	£43.79	£35.96

B Prudential indicators for Prudence

A key indicator of prudence is that the Council's gross debt does not, except in the short term, exceed the total of the council's need to borrow. This allows some flexibility for limited early borrowing for future years, but ensures that borrowing is not undertaken for revenue purposes. Under the Code the underlying need to borrow for a capital purpose is measured by the capital financing requirement.

Indicator B1 compares the estimated gross debt (i.e. including PFIs and other long term liabilities) with the estimated capital financing requirement as at 31 March each year. Indicator B2 compares gross debt to net debt to show the extent of borrowing in advance of need (where applicable).

B1 Prudential indicator – Gross debt (including PFI liabilities) and the capital financing requirement 2017/18 to 2019/20

	31-Mar-18 Estimate	31-Mar-19 Estimate	31-Mar-20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
External Debt	285,052	317,625	357,218
PFI Liabilities	49,458	47,005	44,376
Gross debt (incl PFI liabilities)	334,510	364,630	401,594
Capital financing requirement	389,052	410,994	442,867

B2 Prudential indicator – Gross debt (including PFI liabilities) and Net debt 2017/18 to 2019/20

	31-Mar-18 Estimate	31-Mar-19 Estimate	31-Mar-20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
External Debt	285,052	317,625	357,218
PFI Liabilities	49,458	47,005	44,376
Gross debt (incl PFI liabilities)	334,510	364,630	401,594
Net debt (incl PFI liabilities)	290,509	316,510	341,240

C Prudential indicator for Capital Expenditure

Elsewhere on this agenda is a report recommending the capital investment plans for the council over the next three years. Indicator C1 summarises the recommendations within that report. Indicator C2 sets out the estimates of the capital financing requirement over the same period.

C1 *Prudential indicator – Estimates of total capital expenditure 2017/18 to 2019/20*

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Total non-HRA	94,469	154,142	149,818
Total HRA	54,419	26,873	21,254
Total programme	148,888	181,015	171,072

In considering the capital investment plan the council has had regard to a number of key issues, namely:

- affordability, e.g. implications for council tax/housing rents;
- prudence and sustainability, e.g. implications for external borrowing;
- value for money, e.g. option appraisal;
- stewardship of assets, e.g. asset management planning;
- service objectives, e.g. strategic planning for the authority;
- practicality, e.g. achievability of the forward plan.

C2 *Prudential indicator – Estimates of capital financing requirement 2017/18 to 2019/20*

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non-HRA	244,578	265,412	298,006
HRA	144,474	145,582	144,861
Total	389,052	410,994	442,867

The estimates are based on the financing options included in the capital investment report. The estimates will not commit the council to particular methods of funding – the actual funding of capital expenditure will be determined after the end of the relevant financial year.

The council has a number of daily cash-flows, both positive and negative, and manages its treasury position in terms of its borrowings

and investments in accordance with the approved treasury management strategy and practices. In day to day cash management no distinction can be made between revenue cash and capital cash. External borrowing arises as a consequence of all the financial transactions of the authority and not simply those arising from capital spending. It is possible therefore, that external debt could exceed the capital financing requirement in the short term.

D Prudential indicators for External Debt

A number of prudential indicators are required in relation to external debt.

D1 Prudential indicator – Authorised limit 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Borrowing	367,000	408,000	472,000
Other long term liabilities	52,000	50,000	48,000
Total	419,000	458,000	520,000

The authorised limit is the aggregate of gross borrowing (i.e. before investment) and other long term liabilities such as finance leases. **In taking its decisions on the budget report the council is asked to note that the authorised limit determined for 2017/18 in the above table is a statutory limit required to be determined by full Council under section 3(1) of the Local Government Act 2003.**

The authorised limits are consistent with the council's current commitments, existing plans and the proposals in the budget report for capital expenditure and financing, and with its approved treasury management policy statement and practices. The Executive Director of Finance & Resources confirms that they are based on the estimate of most likely, prudent but not worst case scenario, with in addition sufficient headroom over and above this to allow for operational management, for example unusual cash movements. Risk analysis and risk management strategies have been taken into account, as have plans for capital expenditure, estimates of the capital financing requirement and estimates of cash flow requirements for all purposes.

D2 Prudential indicator – Operational boundary 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Borrowing	354,000	395,000	458,000
Other long term liabilities	52,000	50,000	48,000
Total	406,000	445,000	506,000

The operational boundary is based on the authorised limit but without the additional headroom. The operational boundary represents a key management tool for in-year monitoring by the Executive Director of Finance & Resources. As with the authorised limit figures for borrowing (gross) and other long term liabilities are separately identified.

The authorised limit and operational boundary separately identify borrowing from other long-term liabilities. The council is recommended to delegate authority to the Executive Director of Finance & Resources, within the total limit for any individual year, to effect movement between the separately agreed limits for borrowing and other long term liabilities, in accordance with option appraisal and best value for money for the authority. Any such changes made will be reported to the council at its next meeting following the change.

D3 HRA limit on indebtedness 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000
HRA limit on indebtedness	156,840	156,840	156,840
HRA capital financing requirement (C2)	144,474	145,582	144,861

Under the reform of housing finance implemented from 1st April 2012 the Government has published the *Limits on Indebtedness Determination 2012* which sets out the maximum amount of housing debt that the council may have outstanding at any one time. For the purposes of D3 housing debt is deemed to equal the HRA capital financing requirement.

E Prudential indicators for Treasury Management

A number of prudential indicators are required in respect of treasury management. The indicators are based on the council's treasury management strategy and take into account the pre-existing structure of the council's borrowing and investment portfolios.

E1 *Prudential indicator – Brighton & Hove City Council has adopted the “CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management in the Public Services” within Financial Standing Orders.*

E2 Prudential indicators – Upper limits on interest rate exposure 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Upper limit on fixed interest rate exposure	115%	115%	118%
Upper limit on variable interest rate exposure	46%	46%	47%

The above percentages are calculated on the net outstanding principal sums (i.e. net of investments). The upper limit of 115% is a consequence of the council maintaining a limited investment portfolio.

Indicator E2a exemplifies the indicator over borrowing and investment.

E2a Prudential indicators (supplemental) – Upper limits on interest rate exposure 2017/18 to 2019/20

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Upper limit on borrowing – fixed rate exposure	100%	100%	100%
Upper limit on borrowing – variable rate exposure	40%	40%	40%
Upper limit on investments – fixed rate exposure	100%	100%	100%
Upper limit on investments – variable rate exposure	100%	100%	100%

Indicator E2a is supplemental to Indicator E2 and shows separately the maximum limits for both borrowing and investments. The indicator is not a requirement of the prudential code but it does show more clearly the interest rate exposure limits within which borrowing and investments will be managed. The effect of the limits is that the Executive Director of Finance & Resources will manage fixed interest rate exposure within the range 60% to 100% for borrowing and within the range 0% to 100% for investments.

E3 Prudential indicator – Upper and lower limits on the maturity structure of borrowing 2017/18

	Upper limit	Lower limit
Under 12 months	40%	0%
12 months and within 24 months	40%	0%
24 months and within 5 years	50%	0%
5 years and within 10 years	75%	0%
10 years and above	100%	40%

The limits in Indicator E3 represent the amount of projected borrowing that is fixed rate maturing in each period as a percentage of total projected borrowing that is fixed rate at the start of the period.

E4 Prudential indicator – Principle sums invested for periods longer than 364 days

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	£000	£000	£000
Limit	27,000	27,000	27,000

